

Assurance GRI Content Index Financial Data

Assurance (Environment) 164

Assurance (Social) 165

GRI Content Index 166

Financial Data 178

Assurance (Environment)

To disclose environmental data in a more transparent and reliable manner to our diverse stakeholders, Honda obtained the independent practitioner's assurance of the environmental data indicated with \sqrt{s} for the year ended March 31, 2022 in the Japanese version of this report by Deloitte Tohmatsu Sustainability Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC, which is a member firm of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited.

Scope of Assurance

Environmental data assured:

- Direct emissions from business activities (Scope 1), Indirect emissions from energy use (Scope 2) and Emissions from customer use of sold products (Scope 3, category 11) out of Honda's total GHG emissions
- GHG emissions (direct emissions (Scope 1), Indirect emissions (Scope 2), Total emissions (Scope 1 and 2))
- Energy consumption (Direct energy consumption, Indirect energy consumption and Total energy consumption)
- Water intake/Wastewater volume
- Atmospheric pollutants (SOx emissions, NOx emissions)
- Waste generated



(TRANSLATION)

Independent Practitioner's Assurance Report

June 20, 2022

Mr. Toshihiro Mibe. Director, President and Representative Executive Officer, Chief Executive Officer Honda Motor Co., Ltd.

> Masahiko Sugiyama Representative Director Deloitte Tohmatsu Sustainability Co., Ltd. 3-2-3, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

We have undertaken a limited assurance engagement of the environmental data indicated with $\ensuremath{\sc olim}$ for the year ended March 31, 2022 (the "Environmental Data") included in the "Honda Sustainability Report 2022" (the "Report") of Honda Motor Co., Ltd. (the "Company").

The Company's Responsibility

The Company's Responsibility.

The Company is responsible for the preparation of the Environmental Data in accordance with the calculation and reporting standard adopted by the Company (indicated with the Environmental Data included in the Report). Greenhouse gas quantification is subject to inherent uncertainty for reasons such as incomplete scientific knowledge used to determine emissions factors and numerical data needed to combine emissions of different gases.

Our Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants, which is founded on fundamental ACCOUNTAINS ISSUED by the International Littles Satisfactors Doald for Accountains, which is non-accountains reprinciples of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and the earn-confidentially and professional behavior. We apply International Standard on Quality Control 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews Primarical Statements, and Other Assurance and Related Services Pragaements, and accordingly maintain a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements

Our Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a limited assurance conclusion on the Environmental Data based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our limited assurance engagement in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements ("ISAE") 3000, Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information, issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board ("IAASB"). ISAE 3410, Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements, issued by the IAASB and the Practical Guideline for the Assurance of Sustainability Information, issued by the Japanese

Association of Assurance Organizations for Sustainability Information.

The procedures we performed were based on our professional judgment and included inquiries, observation of processes performed, inspection of documents, analytical procedures, evaluating the appropriateness of quantification methods and reporting policies, and agreeing or reconciling with underlying records. These procedures also included

- Evaluating whether the Company's methods for estimates are appropriate and had been consistently applied. However, our procedures did not include testing the data on which the estimates are based or reperforming the
- Performing interviews of responsible persons and inspecting documentary evidence to assess the completeness of the data, data collection methods, source data and relevant assumptions applicable to the sites

The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had we performed a reasonable assurance engagement.

Limited Assurance Conclusion

Based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Environmental Data is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the calculation and reporting standard adopted by the Company.

The above represents a translation, for convenience only, of the original Independent Practitioner's Assurance report issued in the Japanese language

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Assurance (Social)

To disclose social data in a more transparent and reliable manner to our diverse stakeholders, Honda obtained the independent practitioner's assurance of the social data indicated with 🗹 for the year ended March 31, 2022 in the Japanese version of this report by Deloitte Tohmatsu Sustainability Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC, which is a member firm of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited.

Scope of Assurance

Social data assured:

Lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) in Japan

Deloitte.

(TRANSLATION)

Independent Practitioner's Assurance Report

June 20, 2022

Mr. Toshihiro Mibe, Director, President and Representative Executive Officer, Chief Executive Officer Honda Motor Co., Ltd.

Masahiko Sugiyama Representative Director Deloitte Tohmatsu Sustainability Co., Ltd. 3-2-3, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

We have undertaken a limited assurance engagement of the lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) indicated with \boxtimes for the year ended Mater 31, 2022 (the "Social Data") included in the "Honds Sustainability Report 2022" (the "Report") of Honda Motor Co., Ltd. (the "Company").

The Company's Responsibility

The Company is responsible for the preparation of the Social Data in accordance with the calculation and reporting standard adopted by the Company (indicated with the Social Data included in the Report).

Our Independence and Quality Control
We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Professional
Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants which is founded on fundamental
principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.
We apply International Standard on Quality Control 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of
Firnancial Statements, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements, and accordingly maintain a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory recuirements.

Our Responsibility
Our description of the source of the source of the source of the source of the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our limited assurance engagement in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements ("ISAE") 3000, Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Internation, issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board ("IAASB") and the Practical Guideline for the Assurance of Sustainability Information.
The procedures we performed were based on our professional judgment and included inquiries, observation of processes performed, inspection of documents, analytical procedures, evaluating the appropriateness of quantification methods and reporting policies, and agreeing or reconciling with underlying records. These procedures also included the following:

the following:

Performing interviews of responsible persons and inspecting documentary evidence to assess the completeness of the data, data collection methods, source data and relevant assumptions applicable to the sites.

The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance transport is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had we performed a reasonable engagement. assurance engagement.

Limited Assurance Conclusion

Based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Social Data is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the calculation and reporting standard adopted by the Company

The above represents a translation, for convenience only, of the original Independent Practitioner's Assurance report issued in the Japanese language.

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited



2 Nessage

Honda Philosophy

Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Perio. Report Performance



GRI Content Index



For the GRI Content Index Service, GRI Services reviewed that the GRI content index is clearly presented and the references for all disclosures included align with the appropriate sections in the body of the report.

				Omission	
GRI Standard	Disclosure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
GRI 101: Foundation 2016					
General Disclosures					
GRI 102: General Disclosures 2016	Organizational profile				
	102-1 Name of the organization	9			
	102-2 Activities, brands, products, and services	6,7,9			
	102-3 Location of headquarters	2,9			
	102-4 Location of operations	2,9			
	102-5 Ownership and legal form	9			
	102-6 Markets served	9,10			
	102-7 Scale of the organization	9,11 2022 Form 20-F https://global.honda/investors/ library/form20_f.html 8,9,10,11,12,33,34,F-9,F-43,F-44,F-45			
	102-8 Information on employees and other workers	133			
	102-9 Supply chain	140,148			
	102-10 Significant changes to the organization and its supply chain	2			
	102-11 Precautionary Principle or approach	2,21,22,23,26,47,48,49,50,51,60			
	102-12 External initiatives	26,27,60,154			
	102-13 Membership of associations	26,27,154			
	Strategy				
	102-14 Statement from senior decision-maker	3			
	102-15 Key impacts, risks, and opportunities	13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,28,29,47, 48,49,50,51,59,60,61,62,63,64,65,66,67, 68,69,70,71,80,81,82,97,113,140			
	Ethics and integrity				
	102-16 Values, principles, standards, and norms of behavior	4,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,44,146			
	102-17 Mechanisms for advice and concerns about ethics	45			
	Governance				
	102-18 Governance structure	23,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41, 42,43			
	102-19 Delegating authority	23			
	102-20 Executive-level responsibility for economic, environmental, and social topics	23			
	102-21 Consulting stakeholders on economic, environmental, and social topics	23,24,25			
	102-22 Composition of the highest governance body and its committees	31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42, 43			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



		_		Omission	
GRI Standard	Disclosure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
	102-23 Chair of the highest governance body	31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42, 43			
	102-24 Nominating and selecting the highest governance body	31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42, 43 Honda Corporate Governance Basic Policies https://global.honda/ investors/policy/governance.html			
	102-25 Conflicts of interest	31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42, 43 Honda Corporate Governance Basic Policies https://global.honda/ investors/policy/governance.html			
	102-26 Role of highest governance body in setting purpose, values, and strategy	23			
	102-27 Collective knowledge of highest governance body	23			
	102-28 Evaluating the highest governance body's performance	23			
	102-29 Identifying and managing economic, environmental, and social impacts	23,47,48,49,50,51,60			
	102-30 Effectiveness of risk management processes	23			
	102-31 Review of economic, environmental, and social topics	23			
	102-32 Highest governance body's role in sustainability reporting	23			
	102-33 Communicating critical concerns	23,31			
	102-34 Nature and total number of critical concerns	23,31,32,33,34,35,36,37			
	102-35 Remuneration policies	31,32,33 Honda Corporate Governance Basic Policies https://global.honda/ investors/policy/governance.html			
	102-36 Process for determining remuneration	31,35,38 Honda Corporate Governance Basic Policies https://global.honda/ investors/policy/governance.html			
	102-37 Stakeholders' involvement in remuneration	31,35,38 Honda Corporate Governance Basic Policies https://global.honda/ investors/policy/governance.html			
	102-38 Annual total compensation ratio	38,53 Honda Corporate Governance Basic Policies https://global.honda/ investors/policy/governance.html			
	102-39 Percentage increase in annual total compensation ratio	38,53 Honda Corporate Governance Basic Policies https://global.honda/ investors/policy/governance.html			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



				Omission	
GRI Standard	Disclosure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
	Stakeholder engagement				
	102-40 List of stakeholder groups	24,25			
	102-41 Collective bargaining agreements	2022 Form 20-F https://global.honda/investors/ library/form20_f.html 89			
	102-42 Identifying and selecting stakeholders	24,25			
	102-43 Approach to stakeholder engagement	24,25			
	102-44 Key topics and concerns raised	25			
	Reporting practice				
	102-45 Entities included in the consolidated financial statements	2 2022 Form 20-F https://global.honda/investors/ library/form20_f.html 33,34,F-85			
	102-46 Defining report content and topic Boundaries	2,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,23			
	102-47 List of material topics	19			
	102-48 Restatements of information	2			
	102-49 Changes in reporting	2			
	102-50 Reporting period	2			
	102-51 Date of most recent report	2			
	102-52 Reporting cycle	2			
	102-53 Contact point for questions regarding the report	2			
	102-54 Claims of reporting in accordance with the GRI Standards	2			
	102-55 GRI content index	166,167,168,169,170,171,172,173,174, 175,176,177			
	102-56 External assurance	164,165			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



					Omission	
GRI Standard	Disclos	ure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
Material Topics						
GRI 200 Economic Standard Series						
Economic Performance						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	19			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19			
GRI 201: Economic Performance 2016	201-1	Direct economic value generated and distributed	11			
	201-2	Financial implications and other risks and opportunities due to climate change	58,59,60,61,62,63,64,65,66,67,68,69, 70,71,77			
	201-3	Defined benefit plan obligations and other retirement plans	2022 Form 20-F https://global.honda/investors/ library/form20_f.html F-22,F-23,F-51,F-52,F-53,F-54,F-55			
	201-4	Financial assistance received from government	-	Financial assistance received from government	This information is currently unavailable.	We will improve our information disclosure using GRI Standards with a view to completing this in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to be published in July 2023).
Market Presence						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	19			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19			
GRI 202: Market Presence 2016	202-1	Ratios of standard entry level wage by gender compared to local minimum wage	136			
	202-2	Proportion of senior management hired from the local community	133			
ndirect Economic Impacts						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	19			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19			
GRI 203: Indirect Economic Impacts	203-1	Infrastructure investments and services supported	26,81			
2016	203-2	Significant indirect economic impacts	9,148,162	·		
Procurement Practices						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	19			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19			
GRI 204: Procurement Practices 2016	204-1	Proportion of spending on local suppliers	148			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



				Omission			
GRI Standard	Disclosure		Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation	
Anti-corruption							
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19,44,45,46				
	103-2	The management approach and its components	19,44,45,46				
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19,44,45,46				
GRI 205: Anti-corruption 2016	205-1	Operations assessed for risks related to corruption	45				
	205-2	Communication and training about anti-corruption policies and procedures	45				
	205-3	Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions taken	45				
Anti-competitive Behavior							
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19,44,45,46				
	103-2	The management approach and its components	19,44,45,46				
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19,44,45,46				
GRI 206: Anti-competitive Behavior 2016	206-1	Legal actions for anti-competitive behavior, anti-trust, and monopoly practices	44				
Tax							
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	37,54				
	103-2	The management approach and its components	37,54				
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	37,54				
GRI 207: Tax 2019	207-1	Approach to tax	54				
	207-2	Tax governance, control, and risk management	54				
	207-3	Stakeholder engagement and management of concerns related to tax	54				
	207-4	Country-by-country reporting	-	Country-by-country reporting	This information is currently unavailable.	We will improve our information disclosure using GRI Standards with a view to completing this in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to be published in July 2023).	



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



a view to completing this in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to published in July 2023). 801-2 Recycled input materials used 801-2 Recycled input materials used 801-3 Reclaimed products and their packaging materials 801-2 Recycled input materials used 801-3 Reclaimed products and their packaging materials 801-5 Recycled input materials used 801-5 Recycled input materials used 801-6 Recycled input materials used 801-6 Recycled input materials used 801-7 Input input in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to be published in July 2023). 801-8 Recycled input materials used 802-8 Recycled input materials 802-8 Recycled input materials 803-8 Recycled input materials 803-8 Recycled input materials 804-8 Recycled input materials 804-8 Recycled input materials 804-8 Recycled input materials 804-8 Recycled input materials 802-8						Omission	
Marian September Septemb	GRI Standard	Disclos	sure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
Part	GRI 300 Environmental Standards Series						
Part	Materials						
Fig. 13 Materials 2016 Ril 3011 Materials 201	GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19,56,57,58			
Regulation Section S		103-2	The management approach and its components	19,56,57,58			
Recycled input materials used Recycled input materials use		103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19,56,57,58			
Refuse R	GRI 301: Materials 2016	301-1	Materials used by weight or volume	-	Materials used by weight or volume		disclosure using GRI Standards with a view to completing this in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to be
Fig. 103: Management Approach 2016 193-1		301-2	Recycled input materials used	-	Recycled input materials used		disclosure using GRI Standards with a view to completing this in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to be
Fig. 103: Management Approach 2016 6R1 303: Management Approach 2016 103-2 The management approach and its components 19.56.57.58 2014 2016 of the management approach and its components 19.56.57.58 2014 2016 of the management approach and its components 19.56.57.58 2014 2016 of the management approach and its components 2016 20		301-3	Reclaimed products and their packaging materials	66			
Heat the second	Energy						
Heave the series of the series	GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19,56,57,58			
Fell 302: Energy 2016 A Page 2 Energy consumption within the organization 74 A Page 3 Energy consumption outside of the organization 74 A Page 3 Energy consumption outside of the organization 74 A Page 4 Reduction of energy consumption 74 A Page 4 Reduction of energy requirements of products and service 75,885,96,06,16,26,36,47,47,57,77 A Page 4 Reduction of energy requirements of products and service 75,885,96,06,16,26,36,47,47,57,77 A Page 4 Reduction of energy consumption 74 A Page 5 Reduction of energy consumption 74 A Page 5 Reduction of energy consumption 74 A Page 6 Reduction of energy consumption 74 A Page 7 Reduction of ene		103-2	The management approach and its components	19,56,57,58			
Second Process of Part of Process of Part of Process of Part		103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19,56,57,58			
Responsible of the properties of the management approach and its components of the management approach and its components of the management approach and its components of Sc. 8.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.	GRI 302: Energy 2016	302-1	Energy consumption within the organization	74			
unavailable. disclosure using GRI Standards wit a view to completing this in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to be published in July 2023). 302-4		302-2	Energy consumption outside of the organization	74			
Nation 103		302-3	Energy intensity	-	Energy intensity		disclosure using GRI Standards with a view to completing this in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to be
Water GRI 103: Management Approach 2016 103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary 19,56,57,58 BRI 303: Water and Effluents 2018 303-1 Interactions with water as a shared resource 45,69 GRI 303: Water and Effluents 2018 303-2 Management of water discharge-related impacts 69 303-3 Water withdrawal 75 303-4 Water discharge 65,69,75		302-4	Reduction of energy consumption	74			
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016 103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary 19,56,57,58 103-2 The management approach and its components 19,56,57,58 103-3 Evaluation of the management approach 19,56,57,58 GRI 303: Water and Effluents 2018 303-1 Interactions with water as a shared resource 65,69 303-2 Management of water discharge-related impacts 69 303-3 Water withdrawal 75 303-4 Water discharge 65,69,75		302-5	Reductions in energy requirements of products and services	57,58,59,60,61,62,63,64,74,75,77			
103-2 The management approach and its components 19,56,57,58 103-3 Evaluation of the management approach 19,56,57,58 GRI 303: Water and Effluents 2018 303-1 Interactions with water as a shared resource 65,69 303-2 Management of water discharge-related impacts 69 303-3 Water withdrawal 75 303-4 Water discharge 65,69,75	Water						
103-3 Evaluation of the management approach 19,56,57,58 GRI 303: Water and Effluents 2018 303-1 Interactions with water as a shared resource 65,69 303-2 Management of water discharge-related impacts 69 303-3 Water withdrawal 75 303-4 Water discharge 65,69,75	GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19,56,57,58			
303-1 Interactions with water as a shared resource 65,69 303-2 Management of water discharge-related impacts 69 303-3 Water withdrawal 75 303-4 Water discharge 65,69,75 65,69,75 65,69,75 65,69,75 67,69,75		103-2	The management approach and its components	19,56,57,58			
303-2 Management of water discharge-related impacts 69 303-3 Water withdrawal 75 303-4 Water discharge 65,69,75		103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19,56,57,58			
303-3 Water withdrawal 75 303-4 Water discharge 65,69,75	GRI 303: Water and Effluents 2018	303-1	Interactions with water as a shared resource	65,69			
303-4 Water discharge 65,69,75		303-2	Management of water discharge-related impacts	69			
		303-3	Water withdrawal	75			
303-5 Water consumption 75		303-4	Water discharge	65,69,75			
		303-5	Water consumption	75			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



					Omission	
GRI Standard	Disclos	ure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
Biodiversity						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19,56,57,58,70			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	19,56,57,58,70			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19,56,57,58,70			
GRI 304: Biodiversity 2016	304-1	Operational sites owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to, protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas	70			
	304-2	Significant impacts of activities, products, and services on biodiversity	70			
	304-3	Habitats protected or restored	-	Habitats protected or restored	This information is currently unavailable.	We will improve our information disclosure using GRI Standards with a view to completing this in time for our 2023 Sustainability Report (to be published in July 2023).
	304-4	IUCN Red List species and national conservation list species with habitats in areas affected by operations	70			
Emissions						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,64,71,72			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,64,71,72			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,64,71,72			
GRI 305: Emissions 2016	305-1	Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions	72,73,74,75			
	305-2	Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions	72,73,74,75			
	305-3	Other indirect (Scope 3) GHG emissions	72,73,74,75			
	305-4	GHG emissions intensity	61			
	305-5	Reduction of GHG emissions	72,73,74,75			
	305-6	Emissions of ozone-depleting substances (ODS)	67			
	305-7	Nitrogen oxides (NOX), sulfur oxides (SOX), and other significant air emissions	76			
Waste						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	56,57,58			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	56,57,58			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	56,57,58			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



			_		Omission	
RI Standard	Disclos	ure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
GRI 306: Waste 2020	306-1	Waste generation and significant waste-related impacts	65,66,67,75			
	306-2	Management of significant waste-related impacts	65,66,67			
	306-3	Waste generated	57,65,66,67,76			
	306-4	Waste diverted from disposal	65,66,67			
	306-5	Waste directed to disposal	65,66,67			
nvironmental Compliance						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	19,56,57,58			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	19,56,57,58			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	19,56,57,58			
GRI 307: Environmental Compliance 2016	307-1	Non-compliance with environmental laws and regulations	57			
upplier Environmental Assessment						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	140,146			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	140,146			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	140,146			
GRI 308: Supplier Environmental Assessment 2016	308-1	New suppliers that were screened using environmental criteria	147			
	308-2	Negative environmental impacts in the supply chain and actions taken	146,149,150,151,152,153,154			
RI 400 Social Standards Series						
mployment						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,114,115			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,114,115			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,114,115			
GRI 401: Employment 2016	401-1	New employee hires and employee turnover	133			
	401-2	Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees	126			
	401-3	Parental leave	124,134			
abor/Management Relations						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,114,115			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,114,115			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,114,115			
GRI 402: Labor/Management Relations 2016	402-1	Minimum notice periods regarding operational changes	128			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



					Omission	
GRI Standard	Disclos	ure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
Occupational Health and Safety						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,114,115			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,114,115			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,114,115			
GRI 403: Occupational Health and Safety	403-1	Occupational health and safety management system	129			
2018	403-2	Hazard identification, risk assessment, and incident investigation	129,130			
	403-3	Occupational health services	130,131			
	403-4	Worker participation, consultation, and communication on occupational health and safety	129			
	403-5	Worker training on occupational health and safety	130			
	403-6	Promotion of worker health	130,131,132			
	403-7	Prevention and mitigation of occupational health and safety impacts directly linked by business relationships	129			
	403-8	Workers covered by an occupational health and safety management system	129			
	403-9	Work-related injuries	129,136			
	403-10	Work-related ill health	129,136			
raining and Education						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,114,115			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,114,115			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,114,115			
GRI 404: Training and Education 2016	404-1	Average hours of training per year per employee	118,133			
	404-2	Programs for upgrading employee skills and transition assistance programs	114,115,116,117,118,119,120,121,122, 123,124,125,126,135			
	404-3	Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews	127,136			
iversity and Equal Opportunity						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,114,115,117,120			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,114,115,117,120			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,114,115,117,120			
GRI 405: Diversity and Equal Opportunity 2016	405-1	Diversity of governance bodies and employees	31,52,116,120,121,122,123,124,125,133, 135			
	405-2	Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men	127,134			

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					Omission	
GRI Standard	Disclos	ure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
Non-discrimination						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	44,45,46,117			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	44,45,46,117			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	44,45,46,117			
GRI 406: Non-discrimination 2016	406-1	Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken	44,45,46			
reedom of Association and Collective Barga	ining					
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,140,147			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,140,147			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,140,147			
GRI 407: Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining 2016	407-1	Operations and suppliers in which the right to freedom of association and collective bargaining may be at risk	113,147,151,152,153,154			
Child Labor						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,140,147			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,140,147			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,140,147			
GRI 408: Child Labor 2016	408-1	Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of child labor	46,147			
orced or Compulsory Labor						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,140,147			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,140,147			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,140,147			
GRI 409: Forced or Compulsory Labor 2016	409-1	Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of forced or compulsory labor	147			
Security Practices						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113			
GRI 410: Security Practices 2016	410-1	Security personnel trained in human rights policies or procedures	133			
Rights of Indigenous Peoples						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113			
GRI 411: Rights of Indigenous Peoples 2016	411-1	Incidents of violations involving rights of indigenous peoples	146,147,148,151,152,153,154			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



					Omission	
GRI Standard	Disclos	ure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation
Human Rights Assessment						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	113,114,145,146,147			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	113,114,145,146,147			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	113,114,145,146,147			
GRI 412: Human Rights Assessment 2016	412-1	Operations that have been subject to human rights reviews or impact assessments	116,117,133			
	412-2	Employee training on human rights policies or procedures	116,117,133			
	412-3	Significant investment agreements and contracts that include human rights clauses or that underwent human rights screening	147,151,152			
Local Communities						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	24,25,56,156,157,162 https://global.honda/about/ sustainability/community.html			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	24,25,56,156,157,162 https://global.honda/about/ sustainability/community.html			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	24,25,56,156,157,162 https://global.honda/about/ sustainability/community.html			
GRI 413: Local Communities 2016	413-1	Operations with local community engagement, impact assessments, and development programs	24,25,56,156,157,158,159,160,161,162 https://global.honda/about/ sustainability/community.html			
	413-2	Operations with significant actual and potential negative impacts on local communities	24,25,56,156,157,158,159,160,161,162 https://global.honda/about/ sustainability/community.html			
Supplier Social Assessment						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	140,146			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	140,146			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	140,146			
GRI 414: Supplier Social Assessment	414-1	New suppliers that were screened using social criteria	147			
2016	414-2	Negative social impacts in the supply chain and actions taken	147,151,152,153,154			
Public Policy						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	24,25,26			
	103-2	The management approach and its components	24,25,26			
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	24,25,26			
GRI 415: Public Policy 2016	415-1	Political contributions	26			



2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



				Omission			
GRI Standard	Disclos	ure	Page number(s) and/or URL(s)	Part omitted	Reason	Explanation	
Customer Health and Safety							
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	80,81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,92,95, 97				
	103-2	The management approach and its components	80,81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,92,95, 97				
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	80,81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,92,95, 97				
GRI 416: Customer Health and Safety 2016	416-1	Assessment of the health and safety impacts of product and service categories	95				
	416-2	Incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services	110				
Marketing and Labeling							
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	44,45,46,56,57,58				
	103-2	The management approach and its components	44,45,46,56,57,58				
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	44,45,46,56,57,58				
GRI 417: Marketing and Labeling 2016	417-1	Requirements for product and service information and labeling	62				
	417-2	Incidents of non-compliance concerning product and service information and labeling	62				
	417-3	Incidents of non-compliance concerning marketing communications	44,45,46				
Customer Privacy	-						
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	47,48,49,50,51				
	103-2	The management approach and its components	47,48,49,50,51				
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	47,48,49,50,51				
GRI 418: Customer Privacy 2016	418-1	Substantiated complaints concerning breaches of customer privacy and losses of customer data	50				
Socioeconomic Compliance							
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	44,45,46				
	103-2	The management approach and its components	44,45,46				
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	44,45,46				
GRI 419: Socioeconomic Compliance 2016	419-1	Non-compliance with laws and regulations in the social and economic area	45				

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Financial Data

Operating and Financial Review

Sales Revenue

Honda's consolidated sales revenue for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, increased by \$1,382.1 billion, or 10.5%, to \$14,552.6 billion from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, due mainly to increased sales revenue in Motorcycle business and Financial services business operations as well as positive foreign currency translation effects. Honda estimates that by applying Japanese yen exchange rates of the previous fiscal year to the current fiscal year, sales revenue for the year would have increased by approximately \$671.7 billion, or \$5.1%, compared to the increase as reported of \$1,382.1 billion, which includes positive foreign currency translation effects.

Operating Costs and Expenses

Operating costs and expenses increased by ¥1,171.1 billion, or 9.4%, to ¥13,681.4 billion from the previous fiscal year. Cost of sales increased by ¥1,128.2 billion, or 10.8%, to ¥11,567.9 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to an increase in costs attributable to increased consolidated sales revenue in Motorcycle business and Financial services business operations. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by ¥5.2 billion, or 0.4%, to ¥1,326.4 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to a decrease in expenses. Research and development expenses increased by ¥48.1 billion, or 6.5%, to ¥787.0 billion from the previous fiscal year.

Operating Profit

Operating profit increased by ¥211.0 billion, or 32.0%, to ¥871.2 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to an increase in profit attributable to sales impacts as well as positive foreign currency effects, which was partially offset by a decrease in profit attributable to price and cost impacts. Honda estimates that by excluding positive foreign currency effects of approximately ¥168.9 billion, operating profit would have increased by approximately ¥42.1 billion.

With respect to the discussion above of the changes, management identified factors and used what it believes to be a reasonable method to analyze the respective changes in such factors. Management analyzed changes in these factors at the levels of the Company and its material consolidated subsidiaries. "Foreign currency effects" consist of "translation adjustments", which come from the translation of the currency of foreign subsidiaries' financial statements into Japanese yen, and "foreign currency adjustments", which result from foreigncurrency-denominated transaction. With respect to "foreign currency adjustments", management analyzed foreign currency adjustments primarily related to the following currencies: U.S. dollar, Japanese yen and others at the level of the Company and its material consolidated subsidiaries. The estimates excluding the foreign currency effects are not on the same basis as Honda's consolidated financial statements, and do not conform to IFRS. Furthermore, Honda does not believe that these measures are substitute for the disclosure required by IFRS. However, Honda believes that such estimates excluding the foreign currency effects provide financial statements users with additional useful information for understanding Honda's results.

Profit before Income Taxes

Profit before income taxes increased by \$156.1 billion, or 17.1%, to \$1,070.1 billion from the previous fiscal year. The main factors behind this increase, except factors relating to operating profit, are as follows:

Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method had a negative impact of ¥70.2 billion, due mainly to recognition of reversal of impairment losses in previous fiscal year, which had been previously recognized on the investments in certain companies accounted for using the equity method.

Finance income and finance costs had a positive impact of ¥15.3 billion, due mainly to increased interest income.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense increased by \$90.8 billion, or 41.6%, to \$309.4 billion from the previous fiscal year. The average effective tax rate increased by 5.0 percentage points to 28.9% from the previous fiscal year.



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Financial Data

Profit for the Year

Profit for the year increased by ± 65.2 billion, or 9.4%, to ± 760.7 billion from the previous fiscal year.

Profit for the Year Attributable to Owners of the Parent

Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent increased by ± 49.6 billion, or 7.6%, to ± 707.0 billion from the previous fiscal year.

Profit for the Year Attributable to Non-controlling Interests

Profit for the year attributable to non-controlling interests increased by \$15.6\$ billion, or 41.1%, to \$53.6\$ billion from the previous fiscal year.

Operating segments and geographic segments in financial data

Segment	Principal products and services	Functions
Motorcycle Business	Motorcycles, all-terrain vehicles (ATVs), side-by-sides (SxS) and relevant parts	Research and development, Manufacturing, Sales and related services
Automobile Business	Automobiles and relevant parts	Research and development, Manufacturing, Sales and related services
Financial Services Business	Financial services	Retail loan and lease related to Honda products, Others
Life Creation and Other Businesses	Power products and relevant parts, and others	Research and development, Manufacturing, Sales and related services, Others

• Operating segments are defined as the components of Honda for which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The accounting policies used for these reportable segments are consistent with the accounting policies used in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

• Life creation business has been renamed Power product business as a result of organizational changes effective April 1, 2022.

Area	Major countries
North America	United States, Canada, Mexico
Europe	United Kingdom, Germany, Belgium, Italy, France
Asia	Thailand, China, India, Vietnam, Malaysia
Other Regions	Brazil, Australia

[•]Segmentation by country and region is based on geographical proximity.

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Financial Data

Motorcycle Business

Honda Group Unit Sales*			(thousands)	
	FY21	FY22	Change	%
Total	15,132	17,027	1,895	12.5
Japan	215	244	29	13.5
North America	332	437	105	31.6
Europe	234	317	83	35.5
Asia	13,319	14,589	1,270	9.5
Other Regions	1,032	1,440	408	39.5

Consolidated Unit Sales*			(thousands)	
	FY21	FY22	Change	%
Total	10,264	10,721	457	4.5
Japan	215	244	29	13.5
North America	332	437	105	31.6
Europe	234	317	83	35.5
Asia	8,451	8,283	(168)	(2.0)
Other Regions	1,032	1,440	408	39.5

^{*}Honda Group Unit Sales is the total unit sales of completed products of Honda, its consolidated subsidiaries and its affiliates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method. Consolidated Unit Sales is the total unit sales of completed products corresponding to consolidated sales revenue to external customers, which consists of unit sales of completed products of Honda and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Total demand for motorcycles in India*1, the largest market within Asia, increased by around 2% from the previous year to approximately 14,450 thousand units in calendar year 2021. Total demand for motorcycles in other countries in Asia*2 increased by around 16% from the previous year to approximately 19,890 thousand units, mainly due to an increase in demand in Indonesia. Although Honda's consolidated unit sales in Asia increased in calendar year 2021, it decreased by 2.0% from the previous fiscal year to 8,283 thousand units in fiscal year 2022, mainly due to a decrease in sales units of the Activa model series for the fiscal fourth guarter in India. Honda's consolidated unit sales do not include sales by P.T. Astra Honda Motor in Indonesia, which is accounted for using the equity method. P.T. Astra Honda Motor's unit sales for fiscal year 2022 substantially increased by around 44% from the previous fiscal year to approximately 3,870 thousand units, mainly due to the increases in sales units of the BeAT and Vario model series.

Total demand for motorcycles in Brazil*3, the principal market within Other Regions, substantially increased by around 22% from the previous year to approximately 1,140 thousand units in calendar year 2021. Honda's consolidated unit sales substantially increased by 39.5% from the previous fiscal year to 1,440 thousand units in fiscal year 2022, mainly due to the increases in sales units of the CG160 and Biz model series in Brazil.

^{*1} Based on Honda research.

^{*2} Based on Honda research. Only includes the following seven countries: Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Vietnam, Pakistan, and China.

^{*3} Source: ABRACICLO (the Brazilian Association of Motorcycle, Moped, and Bicycle Manufacturers)

Financial Data

Automobile Business

Honda Group Unit Sales*			(thousands)	
	FY21	FY22	Change	%
Total	4,546	4,074	(472)	(10.4)
Japan	592	547	(45)	(7.6)
North America	1,480	1,283	(197)	(13.3)
Europe	101	100	(1)	(1.0)
Asia	2,247	2,022	(225)	(10.0)
Other Regions	126	122	(4)	(3.2)

Consolidated Unit Sales*			(thousands)	
	FY21	FY22	Change	%
Total	2,617	2,424	(193)	(7.4)
Japan	520	476	(44)	(8.5)
North America	1,480	1,283	(197)	(13.3)
Europe	101	100	(1)	(1.0)
Asia	390	443	53	13.6
Other Regions	126	122	(4)	(3.2)

*Honda Group Unit Sales is the total unit sales of completed products of Honda, its consolidated subsidiaries and its affiliates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method. Consolidated Unit Sales is the total unit sales of completed products corresponding to consolidated sales revenue to external customers, which consists of unit sales of completed products of Honda and its consolidated subsidiaries. Certain sales of automobiles that are financed with residual value type auto loans and others by our Japanese finance subsidiaries and provided through our consolidated subsidiaries are accounted for as operating leases in conformity with IFRS and are not included in consolidated sales revenue to the external customers in our Automobile business. Accordingly, they are not included in Consolidated Unit Sales, but are included in Honda Group Unit Sales of our Automobile business.

Total demand for automobiles in Japan*1 decreased by around 9% from the previous fiscal year to approximately 4,210 thousand units in fiscal year 2022. Honda's consolidated unit sales in Japan*2 decreased by 8.5% from the previous fiscal year to 476 thousand units in fiscal year 2022, mainly due to a decrease in sales units of the FIT model, attributable to the impacts of the semiconductor supply shortage, which offset the effects of launching the new VEZEL model. Honda's unit production of automobiles in Japan decreased by 7.7% from the previous fiscal year to 634 thousand units in fiscal year 2022.

Total demand for automobiles in the United States*3, the principal market within North America, increased by around 3% from the previous year to approximately 15,070 thousand units in calendar year 2021. Honda's consolidated unit sales in North America decreased by 13.3% from the previous fiscal year to 1,283 thousand units in fiscal year 2022, mainly due to a decreases in sales units of the CR-V and CIVIC models, attributable to the impacts of the semiconductor supply shortage. Honda's unit production of automobiles in North America decreased by 9.0% from the previous fiscal year to 1,271 thousand units in fiscal year 2022.

Total demand for automobiles in Asia*4 increased by around 17% from the previous year to approximately 7,090 thousand units in calendar year 2021. This was mainly due to the increases in demand in India and Indonesia. Total demand for automobiles in China*5 increased by around 4% from the previous year to approximately 26,270 thousand units. Honda's consolidated unit sales in Asia increased by 13.6% from the previous fiscal year to 443 thousand units in fiscal year 2022, mainly due to the effects of launching the new CITY model and an increase in sales units of the BRIO model in Indonesia. Honda's unit production by consolidated subsidiaries in Asia*6 substantially increased by 21.2% from the previous fiscal year to 487 thousand units in fiscal year 2022. Meanwhile, unit production by Chinese joint ventures

Dongfeng Honda Automobile Co., Ltd. and GAC Honda Automobile Co., Ltd. decreased by 13.7% from the previous fiscal year to 1,620 thousand units in fiscal year 2022.

- *1 Source: JAMA (Japan Automobile Manufacturers Association), as measured by the number of regular vehicle registrations (661cc or higher) and mini vehicles (660cc or lower)
- *2 Certain sales of automobiles that are financed with residual value type auto loans and others by our Japanese finance subsidiaries and provided through our consolidated subsidiaries are accounted for as operating leases in conformity with IFRS and are not included in consolidated sales revenue to external customers in the Automobile business. Accordingly, they are not included in consolidated unit sales.
- *3 Source: Autodata
- *4 The total is based on Honda research and includes the following eight countries: Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Vietnam, Taiwan, India and Pakistan.
- *5 Source: CAAM (China Association of Automobile Manufacturers)
- *6 The total includes the following seven countries: Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, Vietnam, Taiwan, India and Pakistan.



Financial Data

Life Creation and Other Businesses

Honda Group Unit Sales/Consolidated Unit Sales*	(thousands)
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	FY21	FY22	Change	%
Total	5,623	6,200	577	10.3
Japan	336	353	17	5.1
North America	2,617	2,738	121	4.6
Europe	929	1,189	260	28.0
Asia	1,405	1,487	82	5.8
Other Regions	336	433	97	28.9

*Honda Group Unit Sales is the total unit sales of completed products of Honda, its consolidated subsidiaries and its affiliates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method. Consolidated Unit Sales is the total unit sales of completed power products corresponding to consolidated sales revenue to external customers, which consists of unit sales of completed power products of Honda and its consolidated subsidiaries. In the Life Creation business, there is no discrepancy between Honda Group Unit Sales and Consolidated Unit Sales since no affiliate and joint venture accounted for using the equity method was involved in the sale of Honda power products.

Honda's consolidated unit sales in North America increased by 4.6% from the previous fiscal year to 2,738 thousand units in fiscal year 2022, mainly due to the increases in sales of OEM engines* and lawnmowers, which offset a decrease in the sales of generators.

Honda's consolidated unit sales in Europe substantially increased by 28.0% from the previous fiscal year to 1,189 thousand units in fiscal year 2022, mainly due to the increases in sales of OEM engines and lawnmowers, which offset a decrease in the sales of generators.

Honda's consolidated unit sales in Asia increased by 5.8% from the previous fiscal year to 1,487 thousand units in fiscal year 2022, mainly due to an increase in sales of OEM engines, which offset a decrease mainly in sales of water pumps.

*OEM (Original Equipment Manufacturer) engines: refers to engines installed on products sold under a third-party brand.

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Financial Data

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

March 31, 2021 and 2022

Yen (millions)

		Yen (millions)
Assets	2021	2022
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	¥2,758,020	¥3,674,931
Trade receivables	801,814	896,768
Receivables from financial services	1,794,654	1,694,113
Other financial assets	295,307	217,743
Inventories	1,545,600	1,918,548
Other current assets	383,696	439,322
Total current assets	7,579,091	8,841,425
Non-current assets:		
Investments accounted for using the equity method	891,002	967,404
Receivables from financial services	3,619,896	3,740,383
Other financial assets	628,533	819,654
Equipment on operating leases	4,919,916	5,159,129
Property, plant and equipment	3,021,514	3,079,407
Intangible assets	818,763	849,507
Deferred tax assets	99,552	91,592
Other non-current assets	342,763	424,652
Total non-current assets	14,341,939	15,131,728
Total assets	¥21,921,030	¥23,973,153

Liabilities and Equity	2021	2022
Current liabilities:		
Trade payables	¥1,088,061	¥1,236,233
Financing liabilities	3,005,624	3,118,304
Accrued expenses	415,106	375,601
Other financial liabilities	182,145	236,900
Income taxes payable	47,793	96,116
Provisions	362,151	268,388
Other current liabilities	614,577	672,857
Total current liabilities	5,715,457	6,004,399
Non-current liabilities:		
Financing liabilities	4,715,361	4,984,252
Other financial liabilities	280,809	282,083
Retirement benefit liabilities	358,532	282,054
Provisions	278,890	253,625
Deferred tax liabilities	842,001	990,754
Other non-current liabilities	357,141	403,440
Total non-current liabilities	6,832,734	7,196,208
Total liabilities	12,548,191	13,200,607
Equity:		
Common stock	86,067	86,067
Capital surplus	172,049	185,495
Treasury stock	(273,786)	(328,309)
Retained earnings	8,901,266	9,539,133
Other components of equity	196,710	990,438
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	9,082,306	10,472,824
Non-controlling interests	290,533	299,722
Total equity	9,372,839	10,772,546
Total liabilities and equity	¥21,921,030	¥23,973,153

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Financial Data

Consolidated Statements of Income

Years ended March 31, 2021 and 2022 Yen (millions)

	2021	2022
Sales revenue	¥13,170,519	¥14,552,696
Operating costs and expenses:		
Cost of sales	(10,439,689)	(11,567,923)
Selling, general and administrative	(1,331,728)	(1,326,485)
Research and development	(738,894)	(787,056)
Total operating costs and expenses	(12,510,311)	(13,681,464)
Operating profit	660,208	871,232
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	272,734	202,512
Finance income and finance costs:		
Interest income	19,805	25,627
Interest expense	(13,877)	(16,867)
Other, net	(24,817)	(12,314)
Total finance income and finance costs	(18,889)	(3,554)
Profit before income taxes	914,053	1,070,190
Income tax expense	(218,609)	(309,489)
Profit for the year	¥695,444	¥760,701
Profit for the year attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	¥657,425	¥707,067
Non-controlling interests	38,019	53,634
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (Yen)		
Basic and diluted	380.75	411.09

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Yen (millions) 2021 2022 Cash flows from operating activities: Profit before income taxes ¥914,053 ¥1,070,190 Depreciation, amortization and impairment losses excluding equipment 624,239 611,063 on operating leases Share of profit of investments accounted (272,734)(202,512)for using the equity method Finance income and finance costs, net 22,630 (56, 352)Interest income and interest costs (137, 178)(155,872)from financial services, net Changes in assets and liabilities Trade receivables (133,788)(24,037) Inventories 68,281 (208,895)101,301 50,122 Trade payables Accrued expenses (40,927)(68,811)Provisions and retirement benefit 106,829 (156,079)liabilities (59,934)509,741 Receivables from financial services Equipment on operating leases (161,579)171,600 28,981 Other assets and liabilities (72,473)Other, net 5,190 (19,782)Dividends received 191,112 193,555 Interest received 236,729 237,724 Interest paid (113,100)(97,884)Income taxes paid, net of refund (206, 272)(203, 130)

Net cash provided by operating activities

1,072,379

1,679,622

Years ended March 31, 2021 and 2022

		Yen (millions)
	2021	2022
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payments for additions to property, plant and equipment	¥(318,410)	¥(268,143)
Payments for additions to and internally developed intangible assets	(232,727)	(181,083)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	6,770	27,108
Payments for acquisitions of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired	2,230	-
Payments for acquisitions of investments accounted for using the equity method	(110,747)	_
Proceeds from sales of investments accounted for using the equity method	12,570	-
Payments for acquisitions of other financial assets	(433,375)	(488,631)
Proceeds from sales and redemptions of other financial assets	276,808	534,693
Net cash used in investing activities	(796,881)	(376,056)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from short-term financing liabilities	9,115,347	7,487,724
Repayments of short-term financing liabilities	(9,294,859)	(7,960,144)
Proceeds from long-term financing liabilities	1,948,835	2,002,823
Repayments of long-term financing liabilities	(1,798,429)	(1,761,561)
Dividends paid to owners of the parent	(145,090)	(188,402)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(41,755)	(53,813)
Purchases and sales of treasury stock, net	154	(62,180)
Repayments of lease liabilities	(67,628)	(80,165)
Other, net	(555)	_
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(283,980)	(615,718)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	94,149	229,063
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	85,667	916,911
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,672,353	2,758,020
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	¥2,758,020	¥3,674,931



Financial Data

Segment Information

Segment information as of and for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2022 is as follows:

As of and for the year ended March 31, 2021

As of and for the year ended March 31, 2022

Yen (millions)

Yen (millions)

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	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Life Creation and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated
Sales revenue:							
External customers	¥1,787,283	¥8,567,205	¥2,494,294	¥321,737	¥13,170,519	_	¥13,170,519
Intersegment	_	212,144	12,494	20,107	244,745	(244,745)	_
Total	1,787,283	8,779,349	2,506,788	341,844	13,415,264	(244,745)	13,170,519
Segment profit (loss)	224,608	90,255	356,980	(11,635)	660,208	_	660,208
Segment assets	1,555,057	8,643,109	10,832,645	374,169	21,404,980	516,050	21,921,030
Depreciation and amortization	68,258	515,241	825,975	15,644	1,425,118	-	1,425,118
Capital expenditures	48,800	500,431	2,006,264	11,609	2,567,104	_	2,567,104

	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Life Creation and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated	
Sales revenue:								
External customers	¥2,185,253	¥9,147,498	¥2,820,667	¥399,278	¥14,552,696	_	¥14,552,696	
Intersegment	_	213,095	2,656	22,480	238,231	(238,231)	_	
Total	2,185,253	9,360,593	2,823,323	421,758	14,790,927	(238,231)	14,552,696	
Segment profit (loss)	311,492	236,207	333,032	(9,499)	871,232	_	871,232	
Segment assets	1,448,926	9,563,553	11,318,756	475,124	22,806,359	1,166,794	23,973,153	
Depreciation and amortization	65,423	510,755	883,712	17,018	1,476,908	_	1,476,908	
Capital expenditures	49.203	410.169	2.028.700	15.748	2.503.820	_	2.503.820	

Explanatory notes:

- Intersegment sales revenues are generally made at values that approximate arm's-length prices.
- Reconciling items include elimination of intersegment transactions and balances as well as unallocated corporate assets. Unallocated corporate assets included in reconciling items as of March 31, 2021 and 2022 amounted to ¥696,327 million and ¥1,319,995 million, respectively, which consist primarily of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

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Financial Data

Motorcycle Business

Sales revenue from external customers increased by \$397.9 billion, or 22.3%, to \$2,185.2 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to increased consolidated unit sales.

Operating profit increased by ¥86.8 billion, or 38.7%, to ¥311.4 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to an increase in profit attributable to sales impacts as well as positive foreign currency effects, which was partially offset by increased expenses.

Automobile Business

Sales revenue from external customers increased by ¥580.2 billion, or 6.8%, to ¥9,147.4 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to positive foreign currency translation effects, which was partially offset by decreased consolidated unit sales.

Operating profit increased by ¥145.9 billion, or 161.7%, to ¥236.2 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to decreased expenses as well as positive foreign currency effects, which was partially offset by a decrease in profit attributable to price and cost impacts.

Financial Services Business

Sales revenue from external customers increased by \$326.3 billion, or 13.1%, to \$2,820.6 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to increased revenues on disposition of lease vehicles.

Operating profit decreased by ¥23.9 billion, or 6.7%, to ¥333.0 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to difference in the amount of the allowance for credit losses.

Life Creation and Other Businesses

Sales revenue from external customers increased by \$77.5 billion, or 24.1%, to \$399.2 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to increased consolidated unit sales in Life creation business.

Operating loss was \$9.4 billion, an improvement of \$2.1 billion from the previous fiscal year, due mainly to an increase in profit attributable to sales impacts, which was partially offset by increased expenses. In addition, operating loss of aircraft and aircraft engines included in Life creation and other businesses was \$33.7 billion, an increase of \$1.4 billion from the previous fiscal year.

2 Top Message

3 Honda Philosophy

4 Overview of Honda

5 Strategy

6 Governance

7 Performance Report



Financial Data

Financial Summary

Fiscal years ended March 31

				U.S. GAAP Yen (millions)										IFRS Yen (millions)
	2012	2013	2014	2015		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Sales, income and dividends					Sales, income and dividends									
Net sales and other operating revenue	¥7,948,095	¥9,877,947	¥11,842,451	¥12,646,747	Sales revenue	¥12,506,091	¥13,328,099	¥14,601,151	¥13,999,200	¥15,361,146	¥15,888,617	¥14,931,009	¥13,170,519	¥14,552,696
Operating income	231,364	544,810	750,281	606,878	Operating profit	823,864	670,603	503,376	840,711	833,558	726,370	633,637	660,208	871,232
Operating margin	2.9%	5.5%	6.3%	4.8%	Operating margin	6.6%	5.0%	3.4%	6.0%	5.4%	4.6%	4.2%	5.0%	6.0%
Income before income taxes and equity in income of affiliates	257,403	488,891	728,940	644,809	Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	130,916	96,097	126,001	164,793	247,643	228,827	164,203	272,734	202,512
Income taxes	135,735	178,976	252,662	235,204	Profit before income taxes	933,903	806,237	635,450	1,006,986	1,114,973	979,375	789,918	914,053	1,070,190
Equity in income of affiliates	100,406	82,723	132,471	126,570	Income tax expense	267,992	245,139	229,092	327,592	(13,666)	303,089	279,986	218,609	309,489
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(10,592)	(25,489)	(34,642)	(43,168)	Profit for the year	665,911	561,098	406,358	679,394	1,128,639	676,286	509,932	695,444	760,701
Net income attributable to Honda Motor Co., Ltd.	211,482	367,149	574,107	493,007	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent	624,703	509,435	344,531	616,569	1,059,337	610,316	455,746	657,425	707,067
Cash dividends paid during the period	108,138	129,765	142,381	158,601	Dividends paid to owners of the parent	142,381	158,601	158,601	162,205	174,221	194,271	196,795	145,090	188,402
Research and development	519,818	560,270	634,130	662,610	R&D expenditures	625,698	670,331	719,810	659,918	730,734	820,037	821,478	780,065	804,025
Interest expense	10,378	12,157	12,703	16,598	Interest expense	12,803	18,194	18,146	12,471	12,970	13,217	24,689	13,877	16,867
Assets, long-term debt and shareholders' equity					Assets, liabilities and equity									
Total assets	¥11,787,599	¥13,635,357	¥15,622,031	¥18,088,839	Total assets	¥16,048,438	¥18,425,837	¥18,229,294	¥18,958,123	¥19,349,164	¥20,419,122	¥20,461,465	¥21,921,030	¥23,973,153
Long-term debt	2,235,001	2,710,845	3,234,066	3,933,860	Financing liabilities (Non-current liabilities)	3,224,512	3,926,276	3,736,628	4,022,190	3,881,749	4,142,338	4,221,229	4,715,361	4,984,252
Total Honda Motor Co., Ltd. shareholders' equity	4,398,249	5,043,500	5,918,979	6,696,693	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	6,335,534	7,108,627	6,761,433	7,295,296	7,933,538	8,267,720	8,012,259	9,082,306	10,472,824
Capital expenditures (excluding purchase of operating lease assets)	424,413	630,408	782,027	714,502	Additions to property, plant and equipment	803,231	703,920	687,306	588,360	484,778	466,657	455,169	390,081	366,829
Depreciation (excluding property on operating leases)	345,105	335,536	442,318	490,375	Depreciation	419,022	451,052	486,410	484,133	513,455	499,036	470,320	428,063	438,269



Financial Data

Financial Summary (continued)

Fiscal years ended March 31

				U.S. GAAP Yen										IFRS Yen
	2012	2013	2014	2015		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Per common share					Per share									
Net income attributable to Honda Motor Co., Ltd.:					Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent									
Basic	¥117.34	¥203.71	¥318.54	¥273.54	Basic	¥346.62	¥282.66	¥191.16	¥342.10	¥590.79	¥345.99	¥260.13	¥380.75	¥411.09
Diluted	117.34	203.71	318.54	273.54	Diluted	346.62	282.66	191.16	342.10	590.79	345.99	260.13	380.75	411.09
Dividends	60	76	82	88	Dividends	82	88	88	92	100	111	112	110	120
Honda Motor Co., Ltd. shareholders' equity	2,440.35	2,798.37	3,284.14	3,715.66	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	3,515.27	3,944.23	3,751.59	4,047.81	4,461.36	4,698.74	4,640.46	5,260.06	6,122.31
				Yen (millions)										Yen (millions)
Sales					Sales									
Sales amounts:*					Sales revenue:*									
Japan	¥1,517,927	¥1,652,995	¥1,912,504	¥1,810,283	Japan	¥1,920,114	¥1,800,439	¥1,754,167	¥1,799,772	¥1,919,130	¥2,042,891	¥1,985,945	¥1,849,268	¥1,943,649
	19%	17%	16%	14%		15%	14%	12%	13%	12%	13%	13%	14%	13%
Overseas	6,430,168	8,224,952	9,929,947	10,836,464	Overseas	10,585,977	11,527,660	12,846,984	12,199,428	13,442,016	13,845,726	12,945,064	11,321,251	12,609,047
	81%	83%	84%	86%		85%	86%	88%	87%	88%	87%	87%	86%	87%
Total	¥7,948,095	¥9,877,947	¥11,842,451	¥12,646,747	Total	¥12,506,091	¥13,328,099	¥14,601,151	¥13,999,200	¥15,361,146	¥15,888,617	¥14,931,009	¥13,170,519	¥14,552,696
	100%	100%	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
				Thousands										Thousands
Unit sales:					Unit sales:									
Motorcycle Business	15,061	15,494	17,021	17,765	Motorcycle Business	17,008	17,592	17,055	17,661	19,554	20,238	19,340	15,132	17,027
Automobile Business	3,108	4,014	4,323	4,364	Automobile Business	4,340	4,367	4,743	5,028	5,199	5,323	4,790	4,546	4,074
Life Creation Business	5,819	6,071	6,036	6,001	Life Creation Business	6,018	5,983	5,965	6,121	6,262	6,301	5,701	5,623	6,200
Number of employees	187,094	190,338	198,561	203,902	Number of employees	199,368	204,730	208,399	211,915	215,638	219,722	218,674	211,374	204,035
Exchange rate (yen amounts per U.S. dollar)					Exchange rate (yen amounts per U.S. dollar)									
Rates for the period-end	¥82	¥94	¥103	¥120	Rates for the period-end	¥103	¥120	¥113	¥112	¥106	¥111	¥109	¥111	¥122
Average rates for the period	79	83	100	110	Average rates for the period	100	110	120	108	111	111	109	106	112

 $^{^{*}}$ The geographic breakdown of sales amounts is based on the location of customers.



Honda Motor Co., Ltd.